

EMPORIA PAPER SUSPENDED

Oldest Daily Paper in the City.

Associated Press.

Emporia, Kan., June 5.—The Emporia Republican, the oldest daily paper in the city, founded in 1871, was suspended today by Lieutenant Governor C. V. Eskridge, today suspended publication. W. L. Stahl, its editor, refuses to say anything regarding his future plans, but workmen were busy all Saturday night and Sunday morning, taking type and other material to the office of the Emporia Times. No intimation of the suspension had been given. The Republican was the leading paper in Emporia and a powerful factor in state politics.

The White Man Case.

Editor Chieftain:—The great importance of the decision just handed down by the Court of Claims in the white-man case justifies, we think, the study of it with unusual care. No one interested in the issue should have any misapprehension as to its real meaning. As a piece of law literature, the context of the written opinion is very peculiar: it consists of a mass of facts and principles, all correct and true enough, but with too little regard to logical sequence. The thread of argument is like the Atlantic cable, it lies deep below the surface, and is liable to be passed over undiscovered by the non-professional mind. The track of the judge's mental automobile seems to be about this: He finds,

1 That, according to the constitution and laws of the Cherokee Nation, there are three classes of citizens, First, Cherokees by blood; second, white intermarried citizens who have paid a consideration; third, white intermarried citizens who have not paid any consideration.

2 That the constitution of the Cherokee Nation was framed by the Indians, and all the laws under it were enacted, on the theory that the Cherokee public domain was communal property; that is to say, belonging exclusively to a particular class of citizens, to-wit: Cherokees by blood.

3 That, as a plain business proposition, no stranger could be allowed to become a member of the commune and a part owner in the common property without paying a consideration.

4 That the act passed by the national council in 1875, ordaining that white persons subsequently marrying into the nation should not have any interest in the lands and funds of the Cherokee nation, was reasonable, constitutional and valid; and was, moreover, in effect, simply reducing to the form of a written statute what had already been the law among the Cherokees from time immemorial.

5 That, if the idea of the Cherokees should have to be observed and carried out by the court, it would make a hard case, indeed, for all white intermarried citizens who had not paid any consideration: all would have to be barred regardless of the date of their marriage.

6 But, says the court, these laws are not communal, (belong to a particular class of citizens) and never have been; and the Cherokees have been all the time mistaken as to the true nature of their landed estate. Quoting from the opinion of the supreme court in the famous Delaware case, Judge Nott says these lands now belong to the Cherokee government, and every citizen must, accordingly, have an equal interest in them without regard to the particular way in which he obtained his citizenship.

7 That, whether these laws were communal or national, the question of citizenship was a matter entrusted by the Cherokee constitution to the control of the national council, the only difference being this: that, in case the lands were communal according to the Cherokee idea, all presumptions were against the white man, and he had to be excluded, unless he could show payment; whereas, in case these lands were national, as held by the supreme court, all presumptions were in favor of the white man, and he had to be admitted, unless his opponents could show why he should be excluded.

8 That those white persons who married into the nation subsequent to the 1875 act of the national council, had due notice of the limitations fixed upon their citizenship; they were without excuse. They could not be allowed to share in the national lands and moneys. But those who married into the nation prior to the act of 1875, did so at a time when there was no known limitation upon their acquired rights of citizenship; their intermarriage was in good faith, and innocent. On that account the court holds that they should be saved from the excluding effect of the act, and be allowed, like citizens of Cherokee blood, to have a share in the national funds and lands.

Too-qua-steel.

WHOLE GARRI- SON PERISHED

German Headquarters in Southwest Africa Fallen.

Associated Press.

London, June 5.—A dispatch from Cape Town says native reports have been received at official quarters to the effect that the Warmed German headquarters in south-west Africa has fallen and that the Garrison has perished.

A SCRAP OF PAPER

The Adventure Of a Love Letter.

This comic drama was given at the opera house by local talent on the evening of June 7. The music between acts was furnished by the best talent Vinita can furnish. The cast of characters was as follows:

Prosper Couramont..... Joe Butler
Baron De La Glaciere..... Fred Ratcliff
Brisemouche (Landed proprietor and naturalist)..... Pat Mahoney
Anatole (his ward)..... Taylor Crutchfield
Baptiste (servant)..... Carl Croninger
Francols (servant of Prosper)..... Carl Croninger
Louise De La Glaciere..... Miss Haywood
M'dlle Suzanne De Russeville (her cousin)..... Mrs. W. P. Thompson
Mathilde (sister to Louise)..... Laura Stevens
Mademoiselle Zenobie (sister to Brisemouche)..... Miss Tarleton
Madame DuPont (housekeeper)..... Carrie Stevens
Pauline (maid)..... Glissie Lee

JAPS WIN A LAND BATTLE

Russians Suffer Heavy Loss, Japs None.

Associated Press.

Tokio, June 5.—The following announcement was made today from the headquarters of the Japanese army in Manchuria: "Early in the morning of June 3, the enemy's infantry and cavalry to the number of some three hundred men, attacked Ershipao, seven miles northeast of Changaw, but were easily repulsed. The same day at 9:30 in the morning some twenty squadrons of the enemy's horse advanced south of Taiping Chien on Kwang Ping Chiatun road, some fifty miles north-west of Feng-hwa. A portion of the same force attacked Shintuhsu, nine miles northeast of Kwangping, but suffered heavy loss by our artillery posted in that vicinity. The enemy fled west north-east. Our casualties were four men slightly wounded. The enemy's loss exceeds one hundred."

CANNOT TAKE THE BRIDGE

Missouri Application Turned Down.

Associated Press.

Washington, June 5.—Secretary Taft today declined the application of the state of Missouri to take possession of the Merchants' bridge across the Mississippi at St. Louis on the grounds that there has been no violation of the charter.

TWO KILLED IN A RAILROAD WRECK

Associated Press.

Grand Rapids, Mich., June 6.—Two persons were killed and several injured today in a wreck on the Pere Marquette railway at Ionia. In a wreck at the same place of the Grand Trunk road several persons were injured.

RUSSIA WOULD LEARN JAPS' TERMS

Associated Press.

St. Petersburg, June 7.—As a result of a meeting of the council of ministers held at Tsarskoe Selo, yesterday instructions were telegraphed this afternoon to the Russian ambassador at Washington and Paris to the effect that Russia is desirous of learning Japan's peace conditions.

WOMAN SWALLOWS PEARLS

Was Eating Sweets and Mistook Two Gems for Bits of the Candy.

The case of Senora Morales, of Cordova, recalls the classic story of Cleopatra dissolving priceless pearls in a goblet of wine. Cleopatra, however, drank the pearls on purpose, says the Madrid correspondent of the Cleveland Plain Dealer, whereas Senora Morales declares that she swallowed them in a fit of absent-mindedness. The other day a handsome and richly dressed lady, with a box of candy in her hand, entered a Madrid jeweler's and asked to see some large unset pearls.

While examining the gems she helped herself liberally to the sweets. Suddenly, to the clerk's horror, she put two valuable pearls in her mouth and swallowed them before she had time to cry out. On learning what she had done, the lady expressed intense horror, but refused to pay for the gems, which were valued at 1,500 pesetas, declaring that she had not purchased them, and could not be held responsible for an accident.

The clerk detained her, and called in the police. Senora Morales was formally accused of the theft. The jeweler admitted that as long as the lady remained in his shop she could not be charged with any act of dishonesty, but by leaving the premises without restoring the jewels she had consciously committed robbery.

THE JAPANESE CHARACTER.

Incident Which Illustrates the Combination of Strength and Gentleness.

Later that day, at a banquet which could boast no officials and no societies, yet where our train stopped ten minutes, there stood a typical country schoolmaster, with his female assistant and their 29 elementary pupils, writes Anita Newcomb McGee, in "The American Numbs in Japan," in Century. In very broken English he bashfully told me he had been teaching his pupils about benevolence and charity, and how these virtues were exemplified by our coming so great a distance to aid the people of another land. To impress the lesson more deeply on their memories, he said, he had brought them to see and greet us. An incident like this throws a vivid light on the Japanese mind and ideas of education. One of the most remarkable things in the Japanese character is the combination of that fiery heroism in battle, of which all have read, with the gentleness, courtesy and simple-minded, almost childlike frankness which was shown to us.

ANGORA GOAT FARM PAYS.

Maryland Boy Winning Fame and Fortune by Raising the Animals.

William J. Cahill, son of School Commissioner Edwin P. Cahill, of Hancock, Md., is winning fame and making money by raising Angora goats, says the Baltimore American. Although only 17 years of age, he has been engaged in breeding Angora goats for seven years, and is thoroughly familiar with all of the details of goat culture. When he engaged in the business seven years ago the goats were purchased primarily for the purpose of having them clear the underbrush from a large tract of mountain land belonging to his father.

To-day the tract is set in apple and other fruit trees, which will soon be in bearing condition. The flock of goats has been added to until now young Mr. Cahill has several hundred Angoras, some of them blooded stock. At the St. Louis exposition his exhibit of goats won \$100 in gold, and in addition he received an order from Hagenbach, the animal trader, for eight of his best Angoras, to be sent to Hamburg for marketing a goat herd there. At the recent poultry and pet stock show at Madison Square garden, New York city, he won a \$100 silver cup for the best specimen of Angora.

Wolf Scare in England.

Recently the whole county of Northumberland, England, was torn up over a hunt for a wandering "wolf." The hunt lasted for days. Finally the animal was found where it had been killed by a railroad train. It was stuffed and put on exhibition. Capt. Alexander Thompson, of Tacoma, saw it and wrote to a newspaper: "He was no wolf at all, but a malamoot—one of the breed used for sleigh teams in Alaska—and looking closer into the animal's face I recognized an old acquaintance. His name was Toby, and he was born in Circle City, Alaska. After experiences in the Klondike region, he was brought over to England for exhibition purposes."

"Sick Sisters of the South."

Paraguay should be rich and prosperous; its territory is twice the size of Uruguay, and it has many natural sources of wealth, as in its immense forests, its mate plantations, tobacco and orange estates and its vast cattle ranges. The country has iron, copper, kaolin and marble. But it is afflicted with the professional politician, as is also Uruguay, where there are mutterings of another revolution. Argentina will not have rest till some way is found to abolish the power of its provincial caudillos, whose only conception of government is plunder, and who often defy the central administration at Buenos Ayres. The provinces owe prodigious sums abroad, largely in England, and show no signs of ever meeting their obligations. And, moreover, many municipalities are head over heels in debt. These are the sick sisters of the south. —Mexican Herald.

GAME SAVED IN THE NINTH

Vinita Pulls Victory Out of Seeming Defeat.

Yes, it looked a little grim for Vinita yesterday when their half of the ninth inning came and the score 4 to 3 in favor of Parsons, but the old saw that "a base ball game is never lost until the last man is out in the ninth inning," held good and Vinita won out in a grand batting rally assisted by the ascension of pitcher Skidmore and the roofing of the bleachers.

Loughmiller was erratic and time after time pulled out of bad holes by the skin of his teeth. Up the ninth, Skidmore was an unsolved enigma to the locals, who had only got five hits of his delivery. There was a longing for victory on Finney's countenance as he advanced to the plate in two ninth inning and after having two strikes called on him he drove out a beautiful single. It was up to "Lough" to help win his own game and he placed a nice hit over third and advanced Finney to second. The roots had opened in earnest now and Skidmore was gradually sailing upward and issued Mays a pass to first and filled the bases. Meade walked to the plate and spat at a couple of bad ones let a good one cross the plate and then smashed a clean hit between first and second and scored Finney and Loughmiller. Skidmore was clean out of reach by this time and Meade stole second with the pitcher holding the ball. Pike was well on toward home when Oscar hit a fast grounder to short that ended the game.

The score:

VINITA	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Mays	4	1	0	3	1	0
Meade	5	0	2	8	3	0
Oscar	5	1	3	3	0	0
Goad	4	0	0	5	4	1
Shannon	5	0	0	3	3	0
Higley	4	1	0	2	0	1
Harland	4	0	0	0	0	1
Finney	4	1	2	3	2	0
Loughmiller	4	1	2	0	3	0
Totals	38	5	9	27	16	3

PARSONS	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Putnam	4	0	1	2	0	0
Henley	5	1	1	1	0	2
Collins	5	0	2	0	3	0
Woodbury	3	0	0	4	0	0
Taylor	5	0	0	7	0	1
Brown	4	1	2	0	0	0
Bergebaugh	3	2	2	2	0	2
Pinkerton	4	0	1	6	0	0
Skidmore	4	0	1	2	3	0

Totals	36	4	10	24	6	5					
By innings:					R	H	E				
Vinita	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	3-5	9	3	
Parsons	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0-4	10	5

Summary.—Earned runs Vinita 3, Parsons 3, base on balls off Loughmiller 1, off Skidmore 1, left on bases Vinita 10, Parsons 7. First base on errors off Vinita 2, off Parsons 5. Two base hits, Henley, Brown, Oscar. Time 24. Umpire, Wayne.

Missouri Valley League Standing.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Pittsburg	12	6	.667
VINITA	12	7	.632
South McAlester	12	7	.632
Tulsa	11	7	.611
Missouge	8	11	.421
Fort Scott	7	11	.389
Parsons	6	11	.353
Webb City	5	15	.250

United Confederate Veterans Reunion Louisville, Ky., June 14-16.

For the above occasion the M., K. & T. Ry. will sell tickets from Vinita at rate of \$13.75 for the round trip. Tickets on sale June 10, 11, 12 and 13, inclusive. Final limit June 19, with privilege of extension. See Katy's agent for particulars.

Boy Returned to School.

A Chilocco Indian boy ran away from the Chilocco government school last summer and landed in Vinita and fell into the hands of the Relief Union. After circling for him a few days, a home was found for him with Abe Meeks a farmer living northwest of town. He remained there until a few days ago, when an agent of the Chilocco school came and took him back to school. He, in the meantime, had become so attached to Mr. Meeks' family that he had to be taken by force, declaring that he would sometime return.

EMIQUE CORTEZ IN NEW YORK

Associated Press.

New York, June 7.—Emique Cortez, former minister of Foreign relations of Colombia, and now confidential agent of his government of mission to Washington, arrived here today. He will proceed to Washington and confer with the president regarding the re-establishment of friendly relations between Colombia and us.

HORRIBLE THIBETAN DANCE

Lifelike Effigy of a Man Made of Dough Is Used in Religious Ceremonial.

The death dances of the Tibetan mystery plays, one of which is performed on the last three days of the year, are called "the ceremony of the sacrificial body of the dead year." The effigy of a man made out of dough, relates the New York Herald, as lifelike as possible, and having inside a distinct heart and all the entrails filled with a red fluid is placed by four cemetery ghosts in sight of the numerous spectators in the center of the yard, and at once bands of skeleton ghosts rush upon the corpse to attack it. This is the time to display the necromantic power of Lamaism over the evil spirits. Monks and lamas come forth and go through a series of ceremonies, the magic effect of which keeps the fiends away. But a more formidable devil with great horns and possessed of superior powers makes his appearance and takes the field. Whereupon a saint or an incarnation of Buddha himself goes to the rescue, sprays flour on the enemy and makes mystic signs and utters incantations. The skeleton ghosts and the big fiend grovel before him and implore mercy. He graciously yields to their supplications and allows them to partake of a sacramental meal. While they kneel before him he gives to each one of them a little flour to eat and a drink out of a vessel of holy water.

CORRUPTION OF RUSSIANS.

Illustrative Instances of Dishonest Practices Among Men in Authority.

The other day a car laden with delicacies for the wounded at the Russian hospitals in the east, contributed by women of high rank in Moscow and St. Petersburg, was overhauled just before starting for its destination, when it was found that dummy packages were substituted for the real ones, and all the delicacies were gone. They had probably been sold and the money pocketed by some of the officials, military or civil, having them in charge. As a further illustration of Russian corruption, the New York Tribune repeats the story of a certain Russian warship on duty in the Behring sea, to guard seal fisheries—that is, to prevent the slaughter of the female seals out of season. The admiral of the station, in the course of an inspection of the vessel, invited any of the sailors who had complaints to make to step forward. One of the men, a spokesman for the whole crew, complained that the seal money promised them had not been paid. When the admiral found what the complaints meant, he discovered that the ship's commander had been doing a lucrative trade by killing the seals placed under his protection and sending the skins to London, and had taken the crew into partnership.

GIRAFFES HAVE HARD WORK

When the Grass Is Short the Awkward Animals Are Put to Acrobatic Stunts.

Those persons who on a hot summer day have envied the giraffe his long neck because a cooling draught "would last so long" when he swallowed it have probably never stopped to think that it has a more practical use and that in the giraffe make-up the animal's neck is sometimes matched against its legs. One of the most comical sights in any zoological garden, says the New York Tribune, is afforded by watching giraffes browse on the grass beneath their feet. Bracing their long legs awkwardly apart, not unlike a boy unused to stunts, the animals eagerly strain to get hold of the grass and when it is very short they have a hard time. When two or more of them happen to stand together in this awkward position, their long legs encroaching each other, they look extremely odd. One woman voiced the sentiment of many of those who see the animals when she said recently, after looking at them: "My, but I wouldn't try to pick up a \$1,000 note if I were a giraffe."

Customs in the Russian Army.

Many, indeed, are the curious customs connected with the Russian army. For instance, none but giants are allowed in the Preobrazhenski bodyguard regiment. To the Semakowski regiment none but fair men are admitted, while a turned-up nose is the qualifying adornment of the Pawlov guards. The Guards Chasseurs, on the other hand, are composed exclusively of dark-haired men. Then, too, the distinction between officers of the guards and those serving in line regiments is most marked, a guard lieutenant until recently taking precedence over a captain of the line. Furthermore, the pay of infantry officers in line regiments is ludicrously small. What the infantry private's lot is can be better imagined than described.—Penny Magazine.

Electricity in the Orient.

The introduction of electrical apparatus in China and in other countries of the far east, cannot but have some effect upon the lives of the natives. The people there change slowly, but probably nothing could have a greater effect than the trolley in bringing about this change, unless we except the telephone. Is it not possible that these two agents will play an important part in bringing about a better understanding between the Chinese empire and the western nations?—Electrical Review.

Trait of Welshmen.

A girl, in giving evidence in an English police court, admitted that she had called her father "a bald-headed Welshman." When asked if there were any disadvantages in being a Welshman, she replied: "Yes, they are all deceitful."

J. D. O'BRIEN HAS RETURNED

Deputies Connor And Fisher Went To Lewiston, Idaho For Him.

A few months ago a young lawyer came to Vinita and entered the office of one of the most prominent members of the Vinita bar, who sought to help the young man to get a start in his profession.

This young man made quite a few friends and all would have been well had it not been for his eager desire for money, which led him to give a number of small checks on banks when he had no funds. These checks were all made good by him until he had obtained the confidence of the bankers and business men of the city, when he ran above his limit, and departed for parts unknown leaving his friends in the "soup." A few weeks later two Vinita men were touring the northwest, and met the refugee on the streets of Lewiston, Idaho, and caused his arrest.

Deputies Connor and Fisher were sent for him and returned on the first last Monday with their prisoner, who had grown a full beard. He was taken to the Wilkinson lodging house to await his trial for alleged misconduct.

O'Brien was arraigned before the court Monday and entered a plea of not guilty to the charge of forgery. He was remanded to jail to await a hearing.

BARK APACHE WAS SIGHTED

It Was Feared That the Racer Was Lost.

Associated Press.

London, June 5.—The Bark Rigged Apache, the last contestant in the Kaiser cup trans Atlantic race, was sighted this morning. The Apache carried several prominent New Yorkers and it was feared the boat was lost.

Tahlequah Land Office Bulletin

Total number of cards issued to Friday noon..... 1595
Total number filed to Friday noon 431
Number filed Tuesday afternoon.....
..... Holiday
Number filed Wednesday..... 81
Number filed Thursday..... 32
Number filed Friday forenoon..... 60
Call next week will start with any number printed.

Married By John B Jones.

James G. Mehlun of Allouez, was here Tuesday. Mr. Mehlun is a white-married white man, and is a native of the state of Ohio. He is the handwriting of Rev. John B. Jones, an old time missionary among the Cherokees and whose father was the only white man ever adopted into the tribe by act of National council. The recent decision of the Court of Claims does not affect Mr. Mehlun.

Zeno Meat Market Robbed.

A burglar broke into Zeno's meat market on South Vann street Monday night and stole a number of small articles, such as tobacco, etc., and carried the cash register into the alley and broke it open. E. C. Cowan's grocery store was also robbed of a few things, presumably by the same person.

M., K. & T. Special Rates

Special summer tourist rates to St. Louis and Chicago, date of sale June 1, to September 30, 1905. Vinita to Chicago, \$27.00 for round trip. Vinita to St. Louis, \$17.50.

Special summer tourist rate to Eldorado Springs, Mo. Vinita to Eldorado Springs, and return 30 day limit \$5.30, 90 day limit \$6.35, date of sale daily, June 1, to September 30, 1905.

International Epworth League convention, Denver, Col., July 5 to 9, 1905. For this occasion round trip tickets may be sold to Denver, Colorado Springs or Pueblo, at rate of \$17.85. Date of sale June 30, to July 1, 1905, inclusive final limit July 14.

Modern Woodmen of America, Milwaukee, Wisconsin, June 17 to 24, for this occasion special round trip tickets may be sold to Milwaukee, Wis., at rate of \$15.00. Date of sale June 10, to 18, 1905. Final limit, June 26.

Grand Aerie fraternal order of Eagles, Denver, Col., August 14 to 24, 1905, for the above occasion round trip tickets may be sold to Denver, Colorado Springs, Pueblo, Col., at rate of \$17.85. Date of sale August 12, 13 and 15, final limit August 25.

Parsons, Kansas, June 20, to 23, 1905, race meeting, open rate of fare and one third for round trip (\$2.10), date of sale June 19 to 23. Final limit June 25, 1905.

For further information, see Katy agent.

H. A. FARRIS.